

Learning through

Landscapes

What should learners already know?

- Minibeasts are small invertebrates which come from many different groups.
- Minibeasts live all around us.

What equipment will I need?

- A whole potato
- Knife
- Spoon
- Rubber band
- Toothpick

Did you know:

All minibeasts are invertebrates, meaning that they are animals with no backbone.

How will learners explore this?

- 1. You may want to make multiple potato traps within your class, and leave them in different areas of the school grounds for comparison.
- 2. Cut a potato in half lengthwise and dig out the halves.
- 3. Make an entrance at each end by cutting out a channel and reassembling the halves using toothpicks or rubber bands.
- 4. Place the potato on or in the ground with the entrance holes at ground level. Leave the potato outside overnight.
- **5.** Examine the potato trap and see if there are any minibeasts in the trap or if you can see traces of any.
- 6. Put the potatoes back in the soil and leave them for a few days.
- 7. Do you see the same species or do you find new ones?

How can we show the learning?

- What species of minibeasts were attracted to the potato trap?
- Minibeasts such as woodlice, harvestmen (or daddy longlegs), snails and slugs eat plant parts, so are the most likely to be found in the trap.
- Ask children to describe the minibeasts they found in the potato trap. Are these minibeasts that you have seen elsewhere in school grounds?
- If you set up multiple potato traps:
 - Challenge children by asking them to compare the different minibeast species which were found in each part of the school grounds.
 - Can children think of some reasons why we might see different minibeasts in different places?



If you would like to develop your outdoor learning knowledge and skills, take a look at our range of training courses: **ltl.org.uk/outdoor-learning-training**











