







#### **BirdLife Malta**

Established in 1962, BirdLife Malta is the oldest environmental organisation in Malta, committed to the protection of wild birds and their habitats. A non-governmental organisation (NGO), BirdLife Malta is also part of the BirdLife International network working towards conserving global biodiversity and the sustainability of natural resources.

#### Teach, Inspire and Protect (TIP)

TIP is an Erasmus+ funded project led by BirdLife Malta focusing on early years education. Early childhood education plays a vital role in the development of values and skills, being the best age group to instil care and love for nature!

Young children also require a different approach to learning which is exploratory, sensory, and interactive. Nature around us provides the ideal setting for this!

#### Erasmus +

Erasmus+ is the EU's programme to support education, training, youth and sport in Europe. As an integrated programme, Erasmus+ offers more opportunities for the mobility of learners and staff and cooperation across the education, training and youth sectors.

### In this booklet...

You will find information and lots of activities to help you learn more about the birds around you and how you can help look after them. Learn how to create bird feeders, your own binoculars and many other fun bird-linked activities!

### **NATURE**

IS AMAZING

# WHY PROTECT NATURE?

HOW TO PROTECT BIRDS

Nature is the wonderful creatures and beautiful flowers. Nature is the trees that give us shade, the sea that never rests, and the rain that brings new life. And it's waiting for you and your family to explore it!

Nature also needs protection. Inspiring your children to love and care for the world around them is one of the very ways you can help. In this booklet you will find activities and information to help you!

Just like us, birds need to drink, especially on warms days, and eat, especially in winter and summer, and somewhere to live, especially during the nesting season.

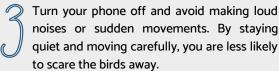


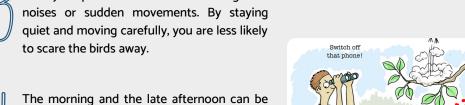
# How to be a good birdwatcher



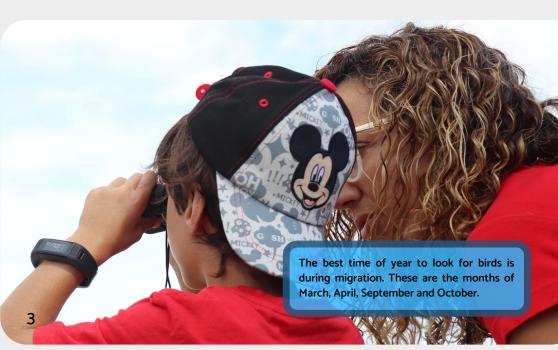
Keep a low

- Get some binoculars and a bird quide. Birds are shy and often try to keep their distance from you. Having a good pair of binoculars will help you spot them!
- Keep a low profile to prevent scaring birds. Use bird hides in nature reserves or keep low to the ground behind walls when in the countryside.





particularly good for birdwatching. Birds are just waking up or coming in to roost at those times.



# Bird ID tips and tricks

Not everyone is a bird expert so here are some tips and tricks on how to ID a bird!



The shape and size of a bird tells us a lot about which species it could be!

TIP: Compare the size or shape to a bird you already know, for example a sparrow.





#### Colour

Some birds have bright colours and are easier to identify, other birds have simpler colours but have beautiful unique patterns. TIP: Why not count how many colours the next bird you see has?

#### Beaks, legs, and feet

Birds have adapted their beak, legs, and feet to suit their dietary needs. Depending on these, you can work out what the bird feeds on!

TIP: Check out this foot, the sharp claws are used for catching prey!





#### Wings and tails

Wings and tail are very characteristic to a bird species and they determine the way a bird flies. By looking at the shape and size of the bird's wings and tail, they can help you recognise the species.

TIP: Ask yourself, are the wings slender? Broad? Is the tail forked? Wide?

#### **Habitat**

Different bird species are found in different habitats. For example, if you are in woodland it is very unlikely you are going to see a seabird. Knowing the habitat you are in can help you find out what bird species you have seen!

TIP: Ask yourself, what can you see around you. Trees? Ponds? Buildings? Sand? Bushes?

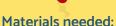


# Make your own binoculars!



Using the stapler, staple the two toilet rolls together.

Attach your string by punching a hole at each side of the rolls.



- 2 empty toilet rolls
- Stapler
- Hole punch
- String
- Decorating material



Colour in your rolls, decorate with pictures, personalise your binoculars.



Have fun and enjoy your new binoculars! Why not see if you can find some of the birds on pages 7 to 10?



# Make a bird feeding table





#### Materials needed:

- 1 oblong piece of wood
- 4 wooden sticks
- 1 wooden block
- Broomstick
- Screw, nails, glue
- Bird seed, nuts and dried fruit, mealworms, sunflower seeds.
- Using strong wood glue, attach 4 wooden sticks to each side of your oblong piece of wood.
- Attach your wooden block to the bottom of your piece of wood using nails and glue. Then attach your broomstick to this block to make your bird table stand up.
- Stick your bird table stand in soil or a big plant pot in a suitable location. Preferably in an open space, away from walls and fences and close to a small bush.
- Sprinkle your bird seed on the bird table and wait for your feathery friends to arrive!

Remember to keep your bird table clean and only provide enough food for one day - this prevents unwanted visitors like rats.

# Birds to see migrating



Turtle-dove Gamiema



European Bee-eater Qerd in-Naħal



Marsh-harrier Bagħdan Aħmar



























Hoopoe Dagguga tat-Toppu



Common Kestrel Spanjulett



Wood Warbler Vjolin Ħadrani











Honey-buzzard Kuċċarda



Spotted Flycatcher Żanżarell tat-tikek



Chaffinch Sponsun









































# and where to find them!



Common Swift Rundun



Barn Swallow Ħuttafa



Black-winged Stilt Fras-servjent





















Little Ringed Plover Monakella



Golden Oriole Tajra Safra



Greater Flamingo Fjamingu

























Little Egret Agrett Abjad



Starling Sturnell



Grey Heron Russett Griż













































# Birds to see in winter



European Robin **Pitirross** 



Collared-dove Gamiema tal-Kullar



Black Redstart Fjamma Sewda























White Wagtail Zakak Abjad



Stonechat Buċagą tax-Xitwa



Yellow-legged Gull Gawwija Prima





















Cetti's Warbler Bufula tal-Għollieg



Black-headed Gull Gawwija Rasha Kannella



Grey Wagtail Zakak tad-Dell



































# and where to find them!



Mediterranean Gull Gawwija Rasha Sewda



Cormorant Margun



Water Rail Gallozz tax-Xitwa

















Spanish Sparrow Għasfur tal-Bejt



Blackcap Kapinera



Blue Rock-thrush Merill





















Kingfisher Għasfur ta' San Martin



Zitting Cisticola Bufula tal-Imrewħa



Sardinian Warbler Bufula Sewda









































# Make a re-filling water tray



Cut a hole in the pot about 1 cm from the rim.

#### Materials needed:

- Plant pot saucer
- Large yoghurt pot
- Scissors
- Stone



Fill the pot with water.

TIP: Why not use a water tub and collect rainwater to save the environment and your water bill!

Put the saucer on the top and carefully turn them upside down.



# Make a bird feeder from recycled material



Decorate your milk carton.





- Milk carton
- Scissors, string, pencil
- Paint supplies
- Lollipop stick
- Bird seed, nuts and dried fruit, mealworms, sunflower seeds.



Cut a length of string and poke two holes at the top of your carton to hang your bird feeder up.

Poke a hole just below your rectanglar hole and insert a lollipop stick. This is for your bird to perch on when feeding.

Fill up your bird feeder with some delicious bird seed. TIP: Do not use bread, salty and sweet foods.

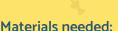


Hang your bird feeder up close to a bush or tree for birds to have shelter. Observe what birds visit your feeder from a safe distance.

Why not try this with a plastic bottle too? Recycling is a great way to help the environment.

# **Woolly Worm Game!**

- Cut 2 4 pieces of string from each colour. No longer than a few inches.
- Find an open outdoor space and hide your pieces of string from the other people playing your game.



- Open outdoor space
- Brightly coloured string of different colours
- Dull coloured string of different colours
- You are a hungry baby bird and the other players are your parents searching for delicious worms for you to eat!
- Have the group look around the open space looking for all the worms for the baby bird to eat.
  - The easiest ones to find should be the brightly coloured string and eventually it will become harder to find the other pieces.
- Once all the pieces of string have been found, pick a new person to be the baby bird and get them to hide the string so you can play again!





# **Sound Maps**



#### **Materials**

- Circles of card or paper (your disk)
- Pencils, crayons, pens
- An outdoor space

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## Top Tip



Try and do this at different times of the day to see if there is a difference!

#### Step 1

Find a spot you can sit comfortably in and not be disturbed.

## Step 2

Take a "disk" on which you are going to record the sounds around you.

## Step 3

At the centre of the disk, draw yourself. Now you can close your eyes and listen.

## Step 4

Every time you hear a new sound, try and work out where it is coming from and mark it on your disk.

## Step 5

Each mark can be a drawing of the thing making the sound or symbol.

## Step 6

Once finished, count how many sounds you heard and compare with others.

## Step 7

Count how many of the sounds are made from nature. How many are birds?

#### Step 8

Count how many of your sounds are man-made.





We would love to hear from you!

Contact us on <a href="mailto:education@birdlifemalta.org">education@birdlifemalta.org</a> or follow us on

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Teach, Inspire, and Protect project in partnership with:











