# Air pollution from ships - Measurements

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## What is the problem?

- Sulfur content of fuel for marine sea ships can be about 3,500times as high as on shore (cars, trucks)
- Sulfur content of fuel for marine sea ships on average it is 2,700 times higher
- From 2020 sulfur content will be limited
- To 0.5 %, in ECA and EU harbors: S- max 0.1 %
- Toxic emissions:
  - 1.Particulate Matter (PM) and
  - 2.Black Carbon (BC)
  - 3. Sulfur Dioxides (SO<sub>2</sub>)
  - 4. Poly Aromatic Hydrocarbons (PAH)
  - 5. Heavy Metal Oxides
  - 6. Nitrogen Oxides (NO<sub>x</sub>)



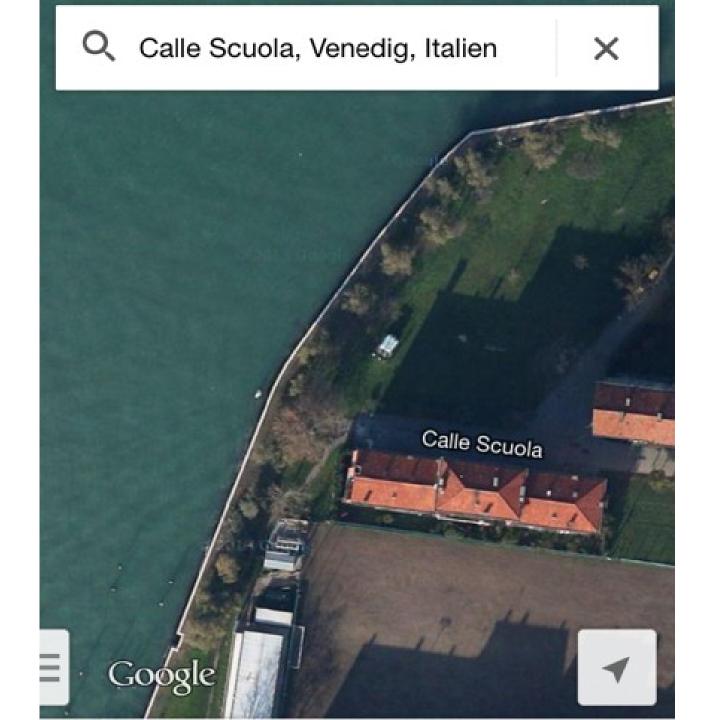
### **Problem: BlackCarbon**(1)

- results from the incomplete burning of fossil fuels and biomass
- component of PM
- shortens life expectancy
- causes respiratory and cardiovascular diseases
- can cause lung-cancer





27.04.14





## Black Carbon Measurements

#### microAeth® / AE51



#### **Measurement Principle**

Real-time analysis by measuring the rate of change in absorption of transmitted light due to continuous collection of aerosol deposit on filter. Measurement at 880 nm interpreted as concentration of Black Carbon ('BC').

#### Measurement Range

0-1 mg BC/m³, filter life time dependent on concentration and flow rate setting:

avg. 5 μg BC/m³ for 24 hours @ 100 ml/min avg. 100 μg BC/m³ for 3 hours @ 50 ml/min avg. 1 mg BC/m³ for 15 minutes @ 50 ml/min

#### **Measurement Resolution**

0.001 µg BC/m<sup>3</sup>

#### **Measurement Precision**

±0.1 µg BC/m³, 1 min avg., 150 ml/min flow rate

#### Measurement Timebase (User setting)

1, 10, 30, 60, or 300 seconds

## Ultrafine Particle

Model 8525

## P-TRAK™ ULTRAFINE PARTICLE COUNTERS (CPC)

#### Model 8525

+ Counts ultrafine particles less than 1 micron diameter in real time

- + Tracks particles to the source
- + Portable, battery operated

+ Data logs to document results



P-TRAK ULTRAFINE PARTICLE COUNTER MODELS 8525

#### **Concentration Range**

0 to 5 x 105 particles/cm3

#### **Particle Size Range**

0.02 to 1 micrometer

#### **Temperature Range**

Operation Storage

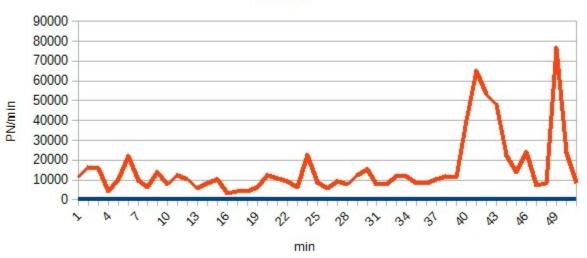
Flow Rate

Sample Total 32 to 100°F (0 to 38°C) -40 to 160°F (-40 to 70°C)

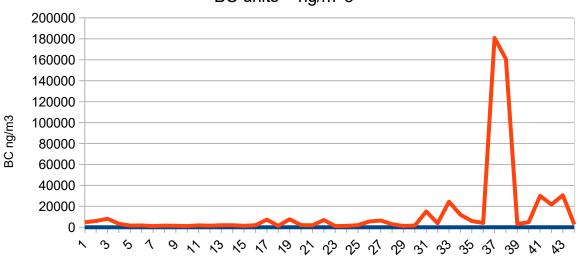
100 cm<sup>3</sup>/min 700 cm<sup>3</sup>/min (nominal)

#### Particle Number Venice

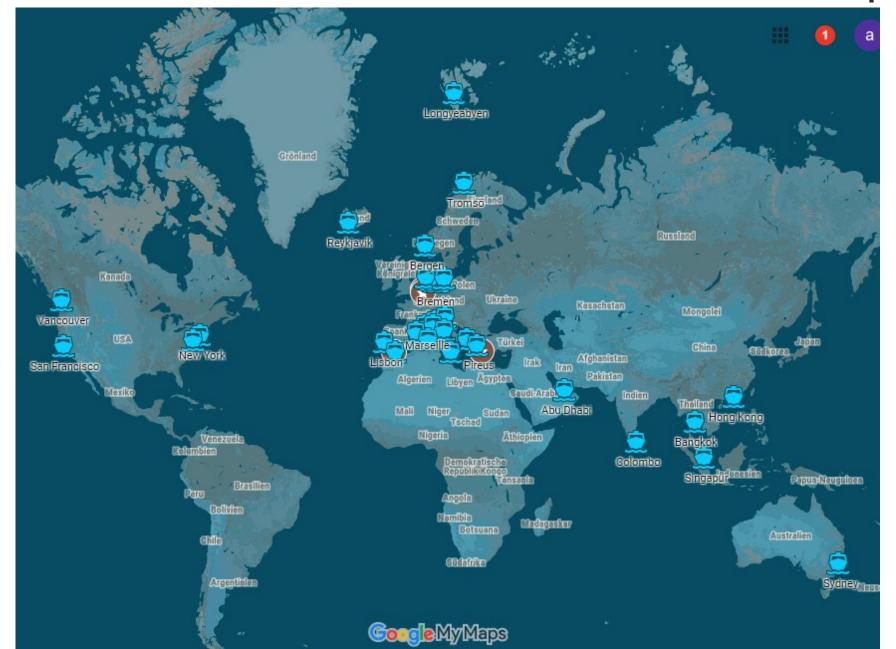




#### BC units = $ng/m^3$



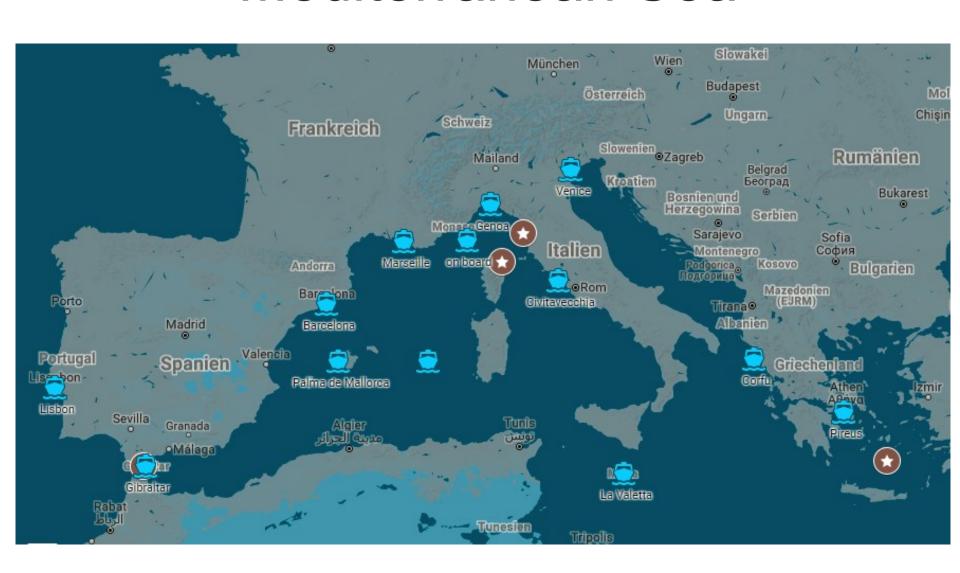
### Measurements in Ports and on Cruise Ships



## Air Pollution Measurements in European Waters



# Measurements in the Mediterranean Sea



### **Cruise ships**

Activities in Venice (Italy), Bergen (Norway) and Barcelona (Spain) and many harbor cities with very





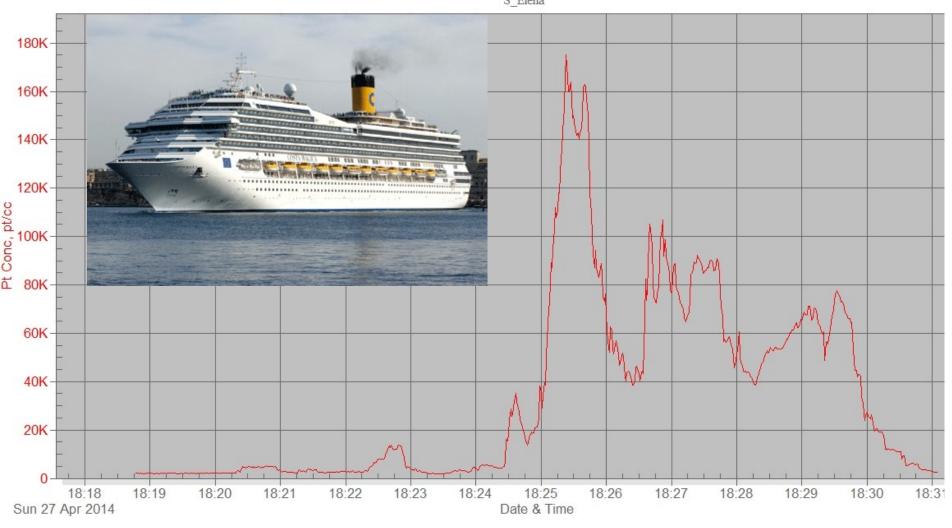


Los cruceros también contaminan el aire de Barcelona

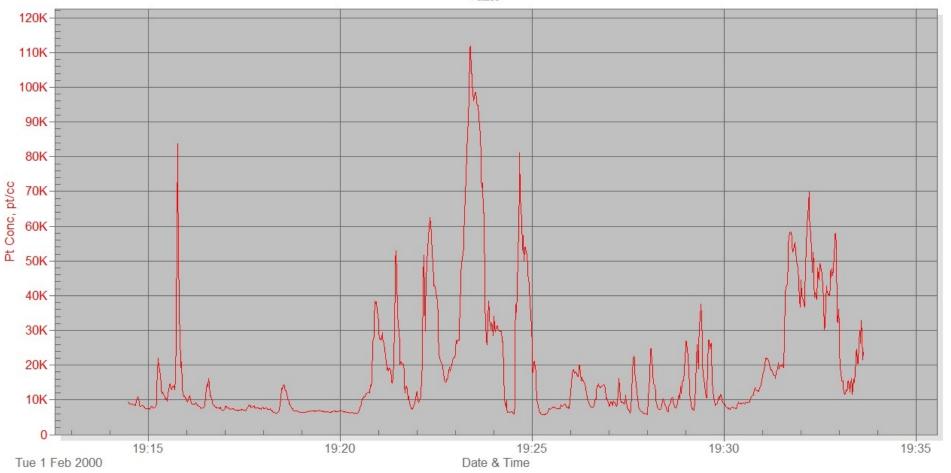
## Particle Number Measurements

### **Cruise ship emissions: Peanuts?**

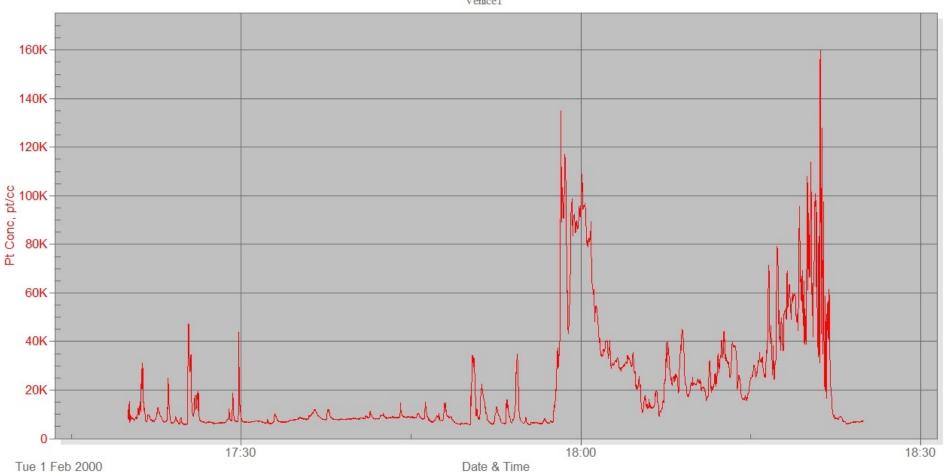




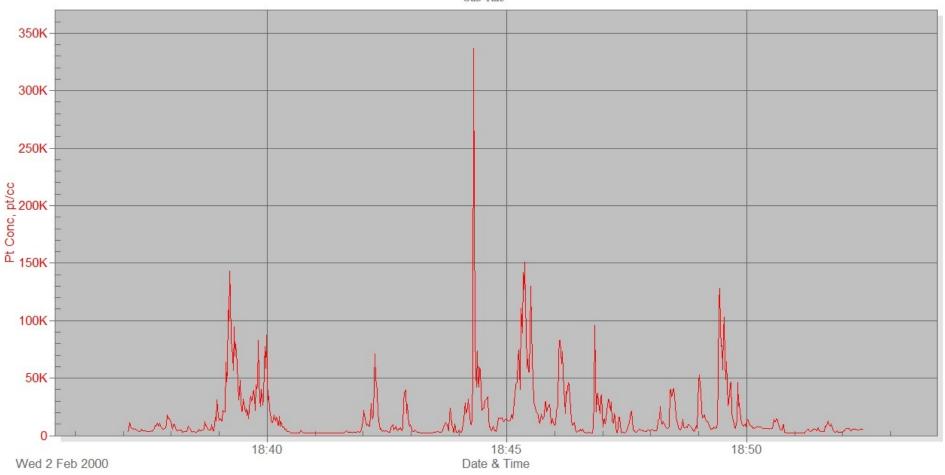




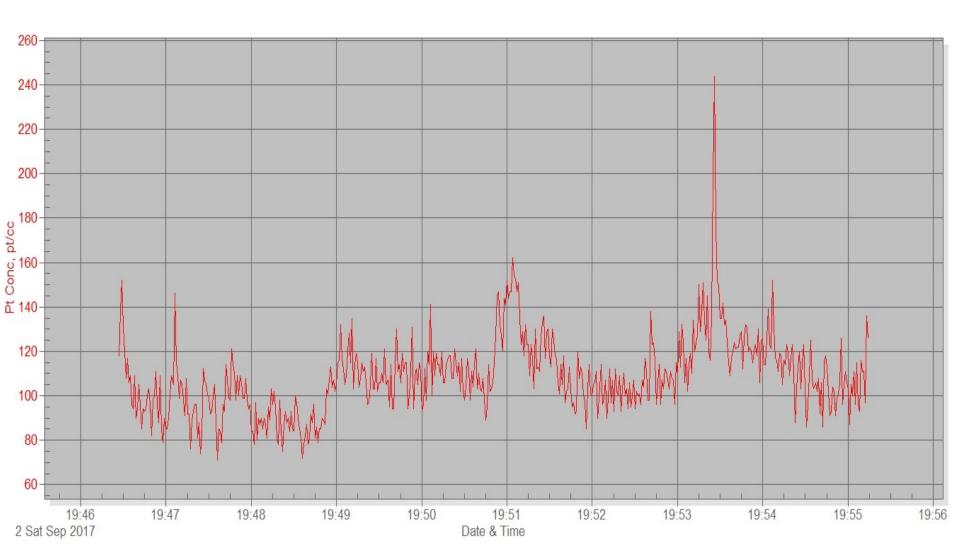




Vaporetto\_Trip

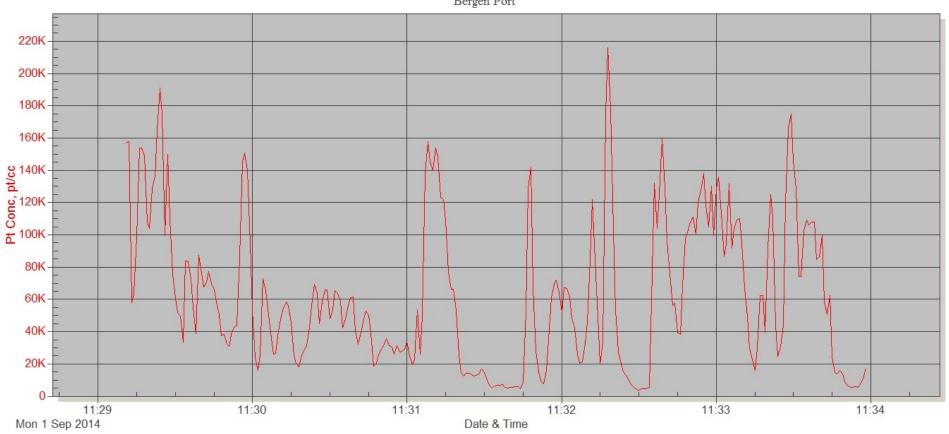


## Clean Air Spitsbergen

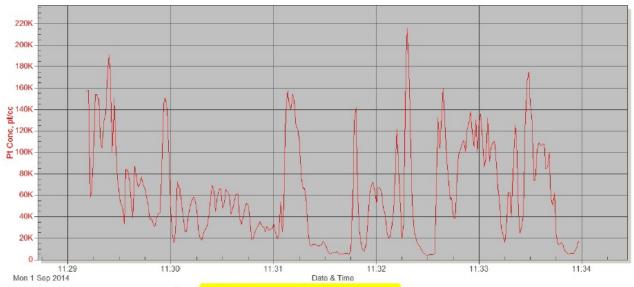




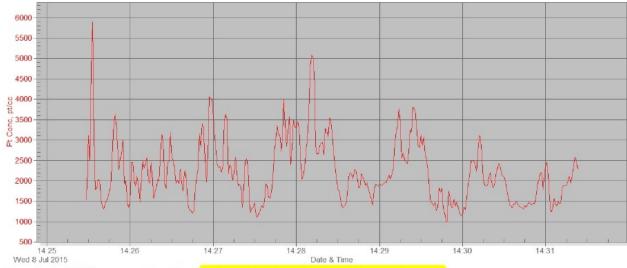
#### BMBF Heincke Bergen Port







Graph 1: UFP concentration 09/01/2015 Heincke, Bergen



Graph 2: UFP concentration 08/07/2015 Heincke, Bremerhaven

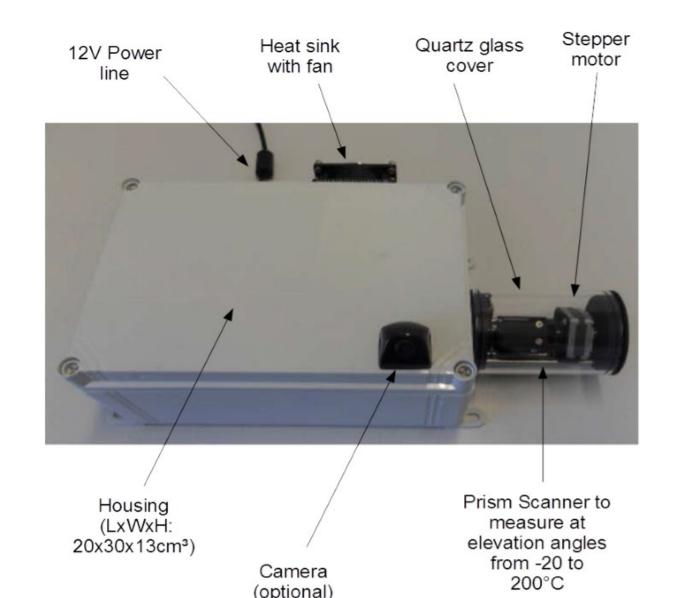


Particulate counter shows very low UFP concentration directly next to the smoke stack.

Foto:NABU/Diesener

## As any other Regulation also an ECA in the Mediterranean Sea must be controlled

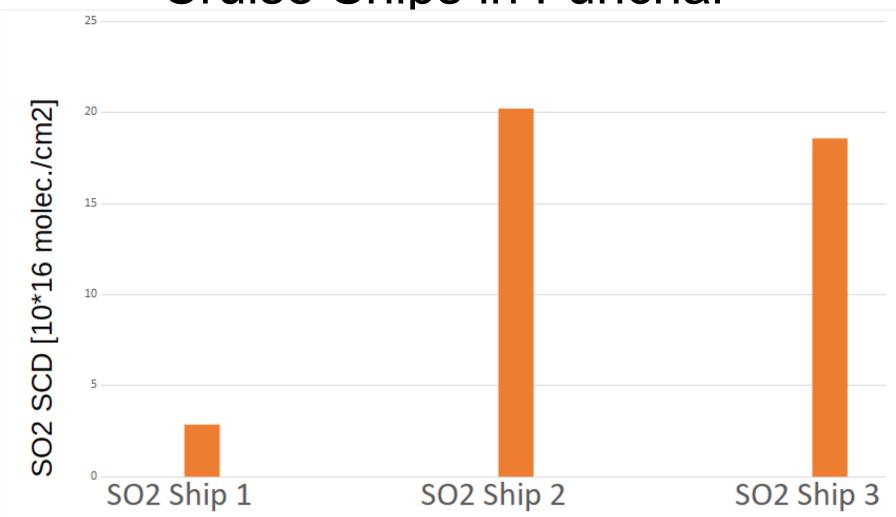
## Remote Measurement of SO<sub>2</sub> and NO<sub>2</sub> by a MAXDOAS Instrument



## Cruise Ship Terminal Funchal, Madeira



# SO<sub>2</sub> Concentrations in the Plume of Cruise Ships in Funchal



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